

Euro Waxer™



User's Manual—READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING

Thank you for purchasing the Euro Waxer™ by Wagan Tech®. With normal care and proper treatment, it will provide years of reliable service. Please read all operating instructions carefully before use. Failure to follow all instructions listed below may result in electric shock, fire and/or personal injury.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

ACCESSORIES

- Terry cloth bonnet
- Imitation lambs wool bonnet

GENERAL SAFETY RULES

1. Work Area

- Keep your work area clean and well lit. Cluttered benches and dark areas invite accidents.
- Do not operate power tools in explosive atmospheres such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases, or dust. Power tools create sparks that may ignite the dust or fumes.
- Keep bystanders, children, and visitors away while operating a power tool. Distractions can cause you to lose control.

2. Electrical Safety

- Avoid body contact with grounded surfaces such as pipes, radiators, ranges and refrigerators. There is an increased risk of electrical shock if your body is grounded.
- Don't expose power tools to rain or wet conditions. Water entering a power tool will increase the risk of electrical shock.
- Do not abuse the cord. Never carry the tool or pull the plug from an outlet by its cord. Keep the cord away from heat, oil, sharp edges or moving parts. Replace damaged cords immediately. Damaged cords increase the risk of electric shock.
- When operating a power tool outdoors, use an outdoor extension marked "W-A" or "W". These cords are rated for outdoor use and reduce the risk of electric shock.

3. Personal Safety

- Stay alert, watch what you are doing, and use common sense when operating a power tool. DO NOT use tool while tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication. A moment of inattention while operating power tools may result in serious injury.
- Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry. Pull back long hair and keep your clothing and gloves away from tool to avoid getting caught in moving parts.
- Avoid accidental starting by keeping fingers away from switch when carrying plugged in polisher. Be sure the power switch is in the "I" (off) position before plugging in. Disconnect tool when not in use or when servicing with replacement parts.

- Remove adjusting keys or switches before turning the tool on. A wrench or key that is left attached to a rotating part of the tool may result in personal injury.
- Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times. Proper footing and balance enables better control of the tool in unexpected situations.
- Use safety equipment such as eye protection and a dust mask.

4. Tool Use and Care

- Do not use force with the tool. Use the correct tool for your application. The correct tool will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it is designed.
- Do not use tool if the switch does not turn it on or off. Any tool that cannot be controlled with the switch is dangerous and must be repaired.
- Disconnect the plug from the power source before making any adjustments, changing accessories, or storing the tool. Such preventative safety measures reduce the risk of starting the tool accidentally.
- Store idle tool out of reach of children and other untrained persons. Tools are dangerous in the hands of untrained users.
- Maintain tools with care. Properly maintained tools are less likely to bind and are easier to control.
- Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts and other conditions that may affect the tools operation. If damaged, have the tool serviced before using. Poorly maintained tools cause many accidents.
- Use only accessories that are recommended by the manufacturer for your model. Accessories that may be suitable for one tool may become hazardous when used on another tool.

5. Service

- Only qualified repair personnel must perform tool service. Service or maintenance performed by unqualified personnel could result in a risk of injury.
- When servicing a tool, use only identical replacement parts. Follow instructions in the "Maintenance" section of this manual. Use of unauthorized parts or failure to follow maintenance instructions may create a risk of electric shock or injury.

SPECIFIC SAFETY RULES

- Do not run car when using buffer/polisher in enclosed area.
- Do not put fingers, objects, or tools between guard and pad holder while machine is running.
- Always start and stop polisher against car surface. Otherwise the bonnet could be thrown from the pad.
- Keep children at a safe distance from the work area.
- Do not force the tool. Grip the polisher firmly with slight downward pressure. Pressing too hard will slow down the machine's movement and affect the quality of the work.
- Do not operate tool if guard is damaged.



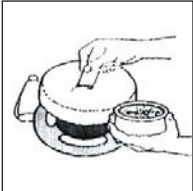
TOOL ASSEMBLY

TO REMOVE PAD: Use ½ inch socket wrench to remove the center bolt. Insert flat blade screwdriver between polisher and the pad as shown. Turn bolt clockwise. To replace pad turn bolt counterclockwise.

OPERATION



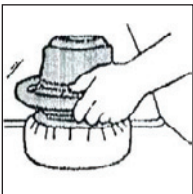
1. Fit a clean bonnet on the pad.



2. Spread a teaspoonful of wax evenly over bonnet surface.

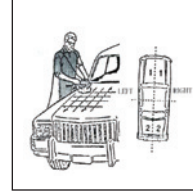


3. Apply 2 swirls of cleaner/glaze over the wax on the bonnet, NOT DIRECTLY ON THE CAR. The most common error is applying too much wax and cleaner/glaze. If pad becomes saturated, POLISHING WILL BE MORE DIFFICULT AND TAKE LONGER. It may also reduce pad life.

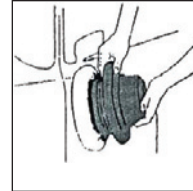


4. For additional applications of wax and cleaner/glaze, use 1 swirl. The bonnet will not absorb as much when reloading. Badly oxidized paint may require several applications. Do not use abrasive compounds.

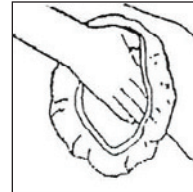
5. Always start and stop polisher on or against the surface of the car. If bonnet continually comes off pad, you may have used too much wax, cleaner, or glaze.



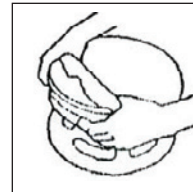
6. Place cord over shoulder and begin applying wax and cleaner/glaze to the front half of the car, working from front to back. Cover flat surfaces with broad, sweeping strokes in a crisscross pattern as shown. DO NOT press down on the polisher. The machine's action, not pressure, does the best job. If wax seems difficult to buff, you may have used too much wax.



7. Reapply wax and cleaner/glaze and repeat on the sides of the car with short, sweeping strokes. Using one hand, hold the polisher as you would a suitcase and with your other hand, support the body of the waxer from the bottom.



8. Finally, remove bonnet and apply wax and cleaner/glaze by hand to all hard-to-reach surfaces—under the bumpers, around the door handles, etc.
Note: Some types of auto wax require drying time before polishing the vehicle. For better results, follow instructions given by your wax manufacturer.



9. Put the wool bonnet on the polisher. Buff the wax with the polisher in the same order it was applied, as shown in steps 6 to 8.

MAINTENANCE

- Bonnets can be machine washed separately in cold water with a small amount of detergent on a few-minutes cycle, then machine dried at medium heat. However, hand washing and air-drying is recommended for longer bonnet life.
- To prolong pad life and shape, always store polisher with pad face up.
- Remove bonnet from the pad when polisher is not in use so pad can dry out and retain its original shape.
- Use only mild soap and a damp sponge to clean polisher. Do not immerse any part in liquid. If polisher needs repair, use only identical replacement parts.

SPECIFICATIONS

Input Power	120 W (under load)
Rated Voltage	120 V, 60 Hz
Orbits per Minute (without pad)	3,300
Vibration Value	9.3 m/s ²
Orbital Pad Coverage	10 inches
Net Weight	4.85 lb (2.2 kg)

