Operating Proceedures cont.

- 1) Select the mAdc range that is higher then the maximum current to be measured. If the maximum current is unknown do not attempt to take a measurement.
- 2) Remove power from circuit to be test and discharge any capacitors and indicators. 3) Connect the test leads into the circuit so that the meter is in series with the circuit where current is to be measured. The current should enter through the red lead and leave through the black lead in order for the meter to indicate in an up scale direction. 4) Turn on power to the circuit under test. Read the current on the V-mA scale and use the full scale numbers which correspond to the range selected. The 50 full scale
- 5) Turn off the power to the circuit under test. Discharge all capacitors and inductors. Remove the test leads from the circuit under test.

numbers must be divided by 100 when using the 0.5 mAdc range.

RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

CAUTION

Resistance measurements must be made on de-energized (dead) circuits only. Impressing a voltage across the instrument terminals while set to any resistance range, may result in electric shock, Instrument damage and/or damage to equipment under test. Be certain equipment is completely de-energized.

- 1) Set the selector switch to "X1K" position. Hold the test lead tips together and adjust for a "O" OHM reading using the "OHM Zero Adjust" knob. If a zero reading cannot be obtained, a weak battery I the most probable cause. See Sec. 6-1.
- 2) Connect the instrument to the two points between which the resistance is to be measured. Read the resistance on the uppermost "?" scale. Multiply the reading
- 3) When reading resistors in circuit there may exist more than one conductive path and the reading taken is a combination of circuit paths. When trying to read one resistor in circuit it is advisable to remove that resistor before measurement to avoid reading multiple conductive paths.

Maintenance

BATTERY REPLACEMENT

- 1) Disconnect test leads from any circuit and then disconnect test leads from the instrument.
- 2) Turn instrument upside down and lay on a soft flat surface which will not scratch the scale window.
- 3) Remove the Phillips head screw and lift off the back case.
- 4) Remove the battery by prying up near the center of the battery using a coin. 5) Replace the battery with a new 1.5 Vdc, AA size battery. When installing the battery make sure the polarity matches that indicated in the battery compartment.
- 6) Replace the back cover by sliding the end with the small tab in first. Then replace the Phillips head screw and tighten to a snug fit. Do not over tighten screw.

FUSE REPLACEMENT

- 1) Follow steps in 1-3 in Section 6-1.
- 2) Remove the fuse and replace with a miniature glass type fuse, 0.25 Amp, 250V, 5mm x 20 mm, or approved equal.

CAUTION

Do not short fuse out of the circuit, or use with higher rating than 0.25 Amp, or alter circuit to eliminate the fuse. These actions negate the safety purpose of the fuse, and can cause extensive damage to the instrument and/or injury to the user.

CLEANING

The exterior of the instrument can be cleaned with a soft dry cloth to remove any oil, grease or grime. Never use any liquid solvents or detergents. Do not polish the instrument. If the instrument gets wet for any reason, dry the inside and outside of the instrument using low pressure air, less than 25 PSI.

Also from *Performance Tool:* 285 pc MULTI-USE ELECTRICAL REPAIR KIT W5207 POCKET **MULTI-TESTER** W2979C CRIMPING TOOL W86500 12 Volt CIRCUIT W2975C BATTERY & ALTERNATOR **VOLTAGE TESTER ELECTRICAL** W2980 TAPE W501 30 Ft. 60 Ft. W502

Performance

Pocket Multi-Tester

Stock Number W2979C

OWNER'S MANUAL See Descriptions & Specifications for explanations of notations.

FOR YOUR SAFETY, please read these instructions carefully and retain them for future use.

Introduction & Safety Precautions

INTRODUCTION

Congratulations. You have purchased an Analog Multi-meter manufactured to the highest quality standards. A minimum amount of maintenance and an understanding of these operating instructions is all that is needed to keep this instrument in excellent working condition.

Please take the time to read these operating instructions thoroughly and completely. Failure to follow these instructions may result in electrical shock, instrument damage and/or damage to the equipment under test. Always use extreme caution when working on or around electrically operated equipment.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Always inspect the instrument. Test leads and other accessories for damage prior to every use.

Always consider electrical and electronic equipment to be energized (live). Never assume any equipment is de-energized.

Never ground yourself when taking electrical measurements. Isolate yourself from the ground by using dry rubber insulating mats to cover all exposed grounded metal. Stand on rubber mats and wear dry clothing.

Never take resistance measurements on energized (live) electrical or electronic

Use one hand, instead of two, whenever possible to take measurements. If two hands must be used, use extreme caution not to contact any energized conductors with your hands. Be certain test lead probes are dry and clean.

Do not hold the instrument when taking measurements. Place the instrument on a clean, insulating surface prior to taking any measurement.

Don't become part of the circuit. Think Safety. Act Safely.

Instrument Data, Features, Specifications

INSTRUMENT DATA

This is an Analog Multimeter capable of measuring 4 functions on 12 ranges. A mirror scale is provided to reduce the possibility of paralex error. Small, light The meter was designed for the homeowner, hobbyist and professional needing to make electrical and electronic equipment measurements.

FEATURES

- 1) 4 Functions 12 Ranges
- 2) High Impact Thermoplastic Case
- 3) Diode Protected Meter Movement
- 4) Mirrored Scale
- 5) Small Pocket Size
- 6) Safety Recessed Test Lead Connection
- 7) 2" Scale Plate
- 8) db Scale

SPECIFICATIONS

Sensitivity: 2 K?/V AC/DC Fuse: One (1) 0.25 Amp, 250V, 5mm x 20mm

Power Source: One (1) 1.5V AA size battery 1-3/16" D x 2-3/8" W x 3 " H Weight: 3.7 oz. (including battery)

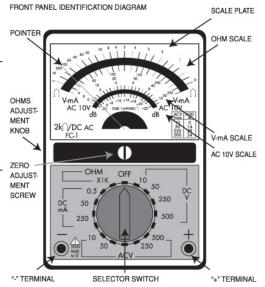
Ranges and Accuracy

DC Voltage: 0-10/50/250/500 Vdc. + 4% F.S. AC Voltage: 0-10/50/250/500 Vac. + 5% F.S. DC Current: 0-0.5/50/250 mAdc. + 4% F.S. Resistance: 0-1 M ? (5 ? mid scale) + 4% Arc length Decibeis: - 20 to +56 db (on ACV ranges)

Front Panel Identification & Contents

Always wear eye protection when using tools.

Performance Tool part number W1024



CONTENTS

Comes complete with one set Test Leads, one "AA" type Battery (installed in the instrument), one Fuse (installed) and Operating Instructions.

Preparations for Use

This procedure should be followed before each and every use

CAUTION

Before attempting to use this meter, be certain to read this operating instruction thoroughly and completely. Failure to follow these instructions may result n electrical shock, instrument damage and/or damage to equipment under test.

1) Inspect the Analog Multimeter for any signs of damage to the thermoplastic case. Do not use if cracked, distorted, excessively dirty or any other abnormal condition exists. 2) Rotate the selector switch one full turn. Check that the switch clicks into each of the 13 positions and has no excessive play in each position. Do not use if the switch

3) Inspect the test leads for any signs of damage. Check for cracks in the insulation, broken or damaged probes, loose probe pins or bent probe pins. Do not use if any abnormal conditions exist.

4) Place the Analog Multimeter on a flat horizontal surface. Using a small screw driver adjust the "zero adjust" screw until the meter movement pointer lines up with the "O" reading on the left side of the scale plate.

5) Insert the black test lead into the "-" terminal of the Instrument and the red test lead into the "+" terminal. Make certain that the leads are seated all the way into the instrument and fit snuggly. If the fit feels loose do not use instrument or the test leads. 6) Place the selector switch on the instrument into the "X1K" position, hold the tips of the Red and Black test leads together and adjust the "OHMS adjust knob" until the meter movement pointer reads "O" on the OHMS scale located at the extreme right side of the scale plate. If a "O" reading cannot be obtained a weak battery is the most probably cause. Follow the battery replacement procedure in sec. 6-1.

Note: The battery is only used for resistance measurements with the selector switch in the "X1K" position. The instrument can be used in all other ranges with a week, dead

7) The instrument is now ready for use. Follow the Measurement procedures in this manual for all measurements. Read all Safety Precautions in sec. 2 before proceeding.

Operating Proceedures

VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS CALITION

500 Vac/dc is the maximum voltage that can be measured using this meter. Attempting to measure higher voltages may result in electrical shock, instrument damage and / or damage to equipment under test.

3) Select an AC or DC voltage range using the selector switch that is higher than the maximum voltage to be measured. If the maximum voltage may be higher than 500 Vac/dc, do not attempt to take a measurement.

4) Apply the test leads to the two points in the circuit at which the voltage is to be measured. When measuring DC voltage the black lead should be connected to the more negative point of measurement. When measuring AC voltage the polarity does not matter.

5) Read the AC or DC voltage using the V-MA scale directly below the mirror scale. Use the numbers whose full scale reading matches the range selected by the "Selector Switch". When using the 10 Vac range, the readings must be taken from the red marked AC10V.

6) The dB scales can be used to measure the milliwatt power dissipation in a 600 load by measuring the AC voltage across a 600 OHM load. An AC voltage of 0.775 Vrms across 600 OHMS is equal to 1mW or "O" dB. When converting an AC voltage measurement to dB readings from the lowest arc on the scale plate and then add the appropriate dB correction as listed in the chart printed in the lower right corner of the instrument scale plate.

DC CURRENT MEASUREMENTS

CAUTION

250 mAdc is the maximum current that can be measured using this meter. The instrument must be connected in series with the circuit to be measured. Do not impress voltages across the "+" and "-" terminals when set to the mAdc ranges. Doing so may result in electric shock, instrument damage and/or damage to equipment under test.

Learn more about measuring tools on our website.