

# **Industrial-Strength Vinyl Cement**

PTY105 For Build-A-Berm Barrier,1 each

Super-strong, flexible vinyl cement creates a liquidproof seal for PIG Build-A-Berm sections.

- Ideal for general patching use as well as connecting PIG Build-A-Berm Barrier sections
- Durable, liquidproof bonding for most vinyl-coated and vinyl-laminated fabrics
- Resistant to extreme temperature and weather
- Cures quickly in only 2-5 minutes



# **Specifications**

Use With	Build-A-Berm Barrier		
Dimensions	ext. dia. 2.875" x 3.25" H		
Brand	RH Products HH-66		
Repair Type	Permanent		
Temperature Limit	-30°F (-34°C) to 180°F (82°C)		
Volume	8 oz. Container		
Color	Clear		
Distributor Part Number	45jw36;3497415;04088x33326		
Sold as	1 each		
Weight	0.699 lbs.		
# per Pallet	100		
Composition	Methyl Ethyl Ketone - 46% Acetone - 21.5% Toluene - 19% Balance - Other Non-Hazardous Trade Secret Ingredients		
Shelf Life	540 days		
UNSPSC	31201604		
Pigalog® Page Number	Page 385		

## Metric Equivalent

**Dimensions** ext. dia. 7.3cm x 8.3cm H

Weight .3 kg

# **Technical Information**

## StateNoShip

This product is subject to restrictions and cannot be shipped to Alaska or Hawaii.

## **USOnly**

This product can ONLY be shipped to the United States.

## **Technical Documents**

Vinyl Cement (HH-66)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Updated August 2019

## **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

1.1. Product Identifier Product Form: Mixture

**Product Name:** HH-66 Vinyl Cement **Synonyms:** PVC Vinyl Adhesive

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: No use is specified.

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Flam. Liq. 2 H225
Eye Irrit. 2 H319
Repr. 2 H361
STOT SE 3 H336
STOT RE 2 H373
Aquatic Acute 3 H402

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

### 2.2. Label Elements

#### **GHS-US Labeling**

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)







Signal Word (GHS-US) : Danger

**Hazard Statements (GHS-US)** : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 - May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged

or repeated exposure (Inhalation). H402 - Harmful to aquatic life.

**Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)** : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

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clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P312 - Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use water spray, fog, carbon dioxide, alcohol-resistant foam, or dry chemical to extinguish.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

#### 2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

## 2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Synonyms	Product Identifier	%	GHS US classification
Methyl ethyl ketone	Butan-2-one / 2-Butanone / Ethyl methyl ketone / Methyl acetone / MEK / Butanone	(CAS-No.) 78-93-3	44	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Acetone	Dimethyl ketone / 2-Propanone / ACETONE / Propan-2-one	(CAS-No.) 67-64-1	34	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with dimethyl 1,4-benzenedicarboxylate, 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol, 1,2-ethanediol and nonanedioic acid	1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with 1,4-benzenedicarboxylic acid, dimethyl ester, nonanedioic acid, 1,2-ethanediol and 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol / 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with 1,4-dimethyl 1,4-benzenedicarboxylate, 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol, 1,2-ethanediol and nonanedioic acid	(CAS-No.) 75701-44-9	14.1	Not classified
Toluene	Benzene, methyl- / Methylbenzene / Phenylmethane / TOLUENE	(CAS-No.) 108-88-3	7.9	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

**First-aid Measures General:** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

**First-aid Measures After Inhalation:** When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

**First-aid Measures After Skin Contact:** Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Immediately drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

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**First-aid Measures After Eye Contact:** Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

**Symptoms/Injuries:** Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation:** High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact:** Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion:** Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

**Chronic Symptoms:** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

## 4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

### **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide (CO2), alcohol-resistant foam, or dry chemical.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.

#### 5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

**Fire Hazard:** Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapors.

**Explosion Hazard:** May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

Reactivity: Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion. May form explosive peroxides.

#### 5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

**Firefighting Instructions:** Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

**Protection During Firefighting:** Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>).

Other Information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### 6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

**General Measures:** Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray. Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.

## **6.1.1.** For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

### **6.1.2.** For Emergency Personnel

**Protective Equipment:** Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

**Emergency Procedures:** Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area. Eliminate ignition sources.

### **6.2.** Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

## 6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

**For Containment:** Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

**Methods for Cleaning Up:** Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Use only non-sparking tools. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

### 6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

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## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

**Precautions for Safe Handling:** Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors, mist, spray. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

### 7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

**Technical Measures:** Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.

**Storage Conditions:** Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Amines. Inorganic acids. Metal salts.

#### 7.3. Specific End Use(s)

No use is specified.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Methyl ethyl	ketone (78-93-3)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	300 ppm		
USA ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	2 mg/l Parameter: MEK - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of		
		shift (nonspecific)		
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	590 mg/m³		
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm		
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	885 mg/m³		
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	300 ppm		
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	3000 ppm		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	590 mg/m³		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm		
Acetone (67-	64-1)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	250 ppm		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	500 ppm		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen		
USA ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	25 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end		
		of shift (nonspecific)		
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	250 ppm		
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	2500 ppm (10% LEL)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm		
Toluene (108	-88-3)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen		
USA ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	0.02 mg/l Parameter: Toluene - Medium: blood - Sampling time:		
		prior to last shift of workweek		
		0.03 mg/l Parameter: Toluene - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end		
		of shift		
		0.3 mg/g Kreatinin Parameter: o-Cresol with hydrolysis - Medium:		
		urine - Sampling time: end of shift (background)		
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		

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USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	560 mg/m³
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	150 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	500 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	300 ppm
USA OSHA	Acceptable Maximum Peak Above The	500 ppm Peak (10 minutes)
	Acceptable Ceiling Concentration For An 8-	
	Hr Shift	

### 8.2. Exposure Controls

**Appropriate Engineering Controls** 

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosionproof equipment.

**Personal Protective Equipment** 

: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.









**Materials for Protective Clothing** 

: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant

clothing.

Hand Protection
Eye and Face Protection
Skin and Body Protection

**Respiratory Protection** 

: Wear protective gloves.: Chemical safety goggles.

: Wear suitable protective clothing.

: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory

protection.

**Other Information**: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## 9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State : Liquid Appearance : White

Odor : Strong Aromatic Odor/sharp mint like fragrance
Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available
Evaporation Rate : No data available
Melting Point : No data available
Freezing Point : No data available
Boiling Point : No data available
soiling Point : > 35 °C (95 °F)

Flash Point : -14 °C (6.8 °F) ASTM D-56

Auto-ignition Temperature : No data available

Decomposition Temperature : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Vapor Pressure : > 1 (heavier than air)

Relative Vapor Density at 20°C : No data available

Relative Density : 0.88 (water = 1)

Solubility : No data available

Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water : No data available

Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water : No data available
Viscosity : No data available
: No data available

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#### 9.2. Other Information

No additional information available

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

- 10.1. Reactivity: Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion. May form explosive peroxides.
- 10.2. Chemical Stability: Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.
- **10.3.** Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- **10.4. Conditions to Avoid:** Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.
- 10.5. Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Amines. Inorganic acids. Metal salts.
- **10.6.** Hazardous Decomposition Products: Not expected to decompose under ambient conditions.

#### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Illianticity). Not classifica	
Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	
LD50 Oral Rat 2483 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 10 ml/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	5000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	34.5 mg/l/4h
LC50 Inhalation Rat 11700 ppm/4h	
Acetone (67-64-1)	
LD50 Oral Rat 5800 mg/kg (Species: Sprague-Dawley)	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit 15688 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	44 g/m³
Toluene (108-88-3)	
LD50 Oral Rat	2600 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	12000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	25.7 mg/l/4h

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity:** Not classified **Carcinogenicity:** Not classified

Toluene (108-88-3)		
IARC group	3	

**Reproductive Toxicity:** Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure):** May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

**Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation:** High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact:** Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

**Chronic Symptoms:** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

#### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

**Ecology - General** : Harmful to aquatic life.

Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	
LC50 Fish 1	3130 (3130 - 3320) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-

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	through])		
EC50 Daphnia 1	520 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)		
EC50 Daphnia 2	5091 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)		
NOEC Chronic Algae	93 mg/l		
Acetone (67-64-1)			
LC50 Fish 1	4144.846 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
EC50 Daphnia 1	1679.66 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])		
LC50 Fish 2	6210 (6210 - 8120) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas		
	[static])		
EC50 Daphnia 2	12600 (12600 - 12700) mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)		
Toluene (108-88-3)			
LC50 Fish 1	15.22 (15.22 - 19.05) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas		
	[flow-through])		
EC50 Daphnia 1	5.46 (5.46 - 9.83) mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])		
LC50 Fish 2	12.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])		
EC50 Daphnia 2	11.5 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)		
NOEC Chronic Fish	1.4 mg/l (Oncorhynchus kisutch)		
NOEC Chronic Crustacea	0.74 mg/l (Ceriodaphnia dubia)		

## 12.2. Persistence and Degradability

HH-66 Vinyl Cement	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.
Acetone (67-64-1)	
Persistence and Degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

HH-66 Vinyl Cement			
Bioaccumulative Potential Not established.			
Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)			
Log Pow	0.3		
Acetone (67-64-1)			
<b>BCF Fish 1</b> 0.69			
Log Pow	-0.24		
Log Kow -0.24			
Toluene (108-88-3)			
Log Pow	2.7		

**12.4. Mobility in Soil** No additional information available

#### 12.5. Other Adverse Effects

**Other Information** : Avoid release to the environment.

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## 13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

**Waste Disposal Recommendations:** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

**Ecology - Waste Materials:** Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

#### 14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name : ADHESIVES

Hazard Class : 3
Identification Number : UN1133
Label Codes : 3
Packing Group : II



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**ERG Number** : 128 In Accordance with IMDG 14.2.

**Proper Shipping Name** : ADHESIVES

**Hazard Class** : 3

**Identification Number** : UN1133

**Packing Group** : 11 **Label Codes** : 3 EmS-No. (Fire) : F-E EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-D In Accordance with IATA 14.3.

**Proper Shipping Name** : ADHESIVES

: 11 **Packing Group** 

**Identification Number** : UN1133

**Hazard Class** : 3 **Label Codes** : 3 **ERG Code (IATA)** 3L





## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### 15.1. **US Federal Regulations**

HH-66 Vinyl Cement			
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)		
	Health hazard - Reproductive toxicity		
	Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)		
	Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation		
Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Co	ntrol Act) inventory		
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb		
Acetone (67-64-1)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Co	ntrol Act) inventory		
CERCLA RQ 5000 lb			
Toluene (108-88-3)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Co	ntrol Act) inventory		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SAF	RA Section 313		
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb		
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1 %			
1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with dimethyl	1,4-benzenedicarboxylate, 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol, 1,2-ethanediol		
and nonanedioic acid (75701-44-9)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Co	ntrol Act) inventory		
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	XU - XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the		
	Chemical Data Reporting Rule, (40 CFR 711).		

#### 15.2. **US State Regulations**

Methyl	ethyl	ketone	178-93.	.31

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### Toluene (108-88-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

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#### U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

#### **California Proposition 65**

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**WARNING:** This product can expose you to Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Chemical Name (CAS No.)	Carcinogenicity	Developmental Toxicity	Female Reproductive Toxicity	Male Reproductive Toxicity
Toluene (108-88-3)		Χ		

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision : 08/21/2019

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of

the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

#### **GHS Full Text Phrases:**

Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2	
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3	
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3	
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2	
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A	
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2	
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity Category 2	
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2	
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways	
H315	Causes skin irritation	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	
H401	Toxic to aquatic life	
H402	Harmful to aquatic life	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects	

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the information currently available to us. We however, make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to this information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use.

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