

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

AWARNING READ AND UNDERSTAND ALL INSTRUCTIONS. Failure to follow all instructions listed below, may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious personal injury.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS THIS MANUAL CONTAINS IM-PORTANT SAFETY AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE REDITHIUM® USB BATTERY CAT. NO. 48-11-2130 AND USB RE-CHARGEABLE LIGHT.
- 2. USE AND CHARGE ONLY REDLITHIUM® USB BATTERIES IN THIS USB RECHARGEABLE LIGHT. OTHER TYPES OF BATTERIES MAY CAUSE PERSONAL INJURY AND DAMAGE
- 3. BEFORE USING THE BATTERY AND LIGHT, READ THIS OPERATOR'S MANUAL AND ALL LABELS ON THE BATTERY AND LIGHT.
- 4. USE ONLY WITH LISTED/CERTIFIED ITE POWER SUPPLY. Others may
- result in a risk of fire, electric shock or personal injury.

 5. AVOID DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENTS. Do not charge battery in rain, snow, damp or wet locations. Do not use battery or charger in the presence of explosive atmospheres (gaseous fumes, dust or flammable materials) because sparks
- may be generated when inserting or removing battery, possibly causing fire.

 6. CHARGE IN A WELL VENTILATED AREA. Do not block charger vents.
- Keep them clear to allow proper ventilation. Do not allow smoking or open flames near a charging battery. Vented gases may explode.

 7. MAINTAIN CORD. When unplugging charger, pull plug rather than cord to reduce the risk of damage to the electrical plug and cord. Never carry charger by its cord. Keep cord from heat, oil and sharp edges. Make sure cord will not be stepped on, tripped over or subjected to damage or stress. Do not use charger with damaged cord or plug. Have a damaged charger
- 8. USE ONLY RECOMMENDED ATTACHMENTS. Use of an attachment not
- recommended or sold by the battery charger or battery manufacturer may result in a risk of fire, electric shock or personal injury.

 9. TO REDUCE THE RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, always unplug charger
- before cleaning or maintenance.

 10. DO NOT BURN OR INCINERATE BATTERY PACKS. Battery may
- 10. DO NOT BURN OR INCINERATE BATTERY PACKS. Battery may explode, causing personal injury or damage. Toxic fumes and materials are created when battery are burned.
 11. DO NOT CRUSH, DROP, OR DAMAGE battery. Do not use a battery or charger that has received a sharp blow, been dropped, run over, or damaged in any way (e.g., pierced with a nail, hit with a hammer, stepped on).
 12. DO NOT DISASSEMBLE. Incorrect reassembly may result in the risk of electric shock, fire or exposure to battery chemicals. If it is damaged, take it to a MILWAUKEE service facility.
 13. BATTERY CHEMICALS CAUSE SERIOUS BURNS. Never allow contact with skin eyes, or mouth. If a damaged battery leaks battery chemicals.
- with skin, eyes, or mouth. If a damaged battery leaks battery chemicals, use rubber or neoprene gloves to dispose of it. If skin is exposed to battery fluids, wash with soap and water and rinse with vinegar. If eyes are exposed to battery chemicals, immediately flush with water for 20 minutes and seek medical attention. Remove and dispose of contaminated clothing.
- 14. DO NOT SHORT CIRCUIT. A battery pack will short circuit if a metal object makes a connection between the positive and negative contacts on the battery pack. Do not place a battery pack near anything that may cause a short circuit, such as coins, keys or nails in your pocket. Do not allow fluids to flow into battery pack. Corrosive or conductive fluids, such as seawater, certain industrial chemicals, and bleach or bleach containing products, etc., can cause a short circuit. A short circuited battery pack
- may cause fire, personal injury, and product damage.
 STORE in a cool, dry place. Do not store battery where temperatures may exceed 120°F (50°C) such as in direct sunlight, a vehicle or metal building during the summer.
 TO REDUCE THE RISK OF INJURY, CLOSE SUPERVISION IS NECESSAPY when an appliance is used page children.
- SARY when an appliance is used near children. STORE IDLE LIGHT OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Warm lights can
- become hazardous in the hands of children.

 18. KNOW YOUR LIGHT. Read this manual carefully to learn your light's
- applications and limitations as well as potential hazards associated with
- MAINTAIN LABELS AND NAMEPLATES. These carry important information. If unreadable or missing, contact a MILWAUKEE service facility

READ AND SAVE ALL INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

Cat. No.

SPECIFICATIONS

......2112-20

USB Input Volts				
USB Input Amps			0.1 - 2.1 <i>F</i>	
Output Volts			4 DC	
Output A	mps		2.1/	
Battery Cat. No			48-11-2130	
Volts			4 DC	
Operating Temperature Battery and Charger Battery and Tool		40°		
Power Supply Cat. No 44-66-1202				
SYMBOLOGY				
V	Volts		Read Operator's Manual	
	Direct Current		Properly Recycle Batteries	
A	Amps	BFP	Backfeed Protected	
	Do not stare into light	BC	California Energy Commission	

AWARNING To reduce the risk of fire, personal injury, and product damage due to a short circuit, never immerse your tool, battery pack or charger in fluid or allow a fluid to flow inside them. Corrosive or conductive fluids, such as seawater, certain industrial chemicals, and bleach or bleach containing products, etc., can cause a short circuit.

Maintenance and Storage

Do not expose your battery or cordless tools to water or rain, or allow them to get wet. This could damage the tool and battery. Do not use oil or solvents to clean or lubricate your battery. The plastic casing will become brittle and crack, causing a risk of injury.

Store batteries at room temperature away from moisture. Do not store in damp locations where corrosion of terminals may occur. As with other battery types, permanent capacity loss can result if the pack is stored for long periods of time at high temperatures (over 120° F). MILWAUKEE Li-Ion batteries maintain their charge during storage longer than other battery types. After about a year of storage, charge the battery as normal.

AWARNING To reduce the risk of injury or explosion, never burn or incinerate a battery pack even if it is damaged, dead or completely discharged. When burned, toxic fumes and materials are created.

Disposing of MILWAUKEE Li-lon Battery

MILWAUKEE Li-lon batteries are more environmentally friendly than some other types of power tool batteries. Always dispose of your battery according to federal, state and local regulations. Contact a recycling

agency in your area for recycling locations.

Even discharged batteries contain some energy. Before disposing, use electrical tape to cover the terminals to prevent the battery from shorting, which could cause a fire or explosion.

RBRC Battery Recycling Seals
The RBRC™ Battery Recycling Seals (see "Symbology") on your batteries indicate that MILWAUKEE has arranged for the recycling of that battery with the Rechargeable Battery Recycling Corporation (RBRC). At the end of your battery's useful life, return the battery to a MILWAUKEE Branch Office/Service Center or the participating retailer nearest you.

USB RECHARGEABLE POCKET **FLOOD LIGHT**

AWARNING Use and charge only REDLITHIUM® USB batteries in this USB rechargeable light. Other types of batteries may cause personal injury and damage

Inserting the Battery

- Slide the battery door back and lift up.
 Line up the battery with the compartment and fully insert the battery.
 Close the battery door securely.

Charging the Battery

- 1. Plug your USB cable into a power source such as an AC wall adaptor,
- Plug your USB cable into a power source such as an AC wall adaptor, computer or car port.
 Lift the rubber cover to expose the micro USB port. Insert the micro USB plug into the micro USB port.
 The indicator light will display the charging status:
 Red Solid: Charging, 0-79% charged
 Green Flashing: Charging, 80-99% charged
 Green Solid: 100% Charged
 Red/Green Flashing: Damaged or Faulty Battery

If the light indicator flashes red and green, check that the battery is fully seated into the bay. Remove the battery and reinsert. If the light continues to flash red and green, the battery may be extremely hot or cold, or wet. Allow the battery to cool down, warm up, or dry out and then reinsert. If the problem persists, contact a MILWAUKEE service facility.

Operation

To reduce the risk of injury, do not look directly into the light when the light is on.

Press the power button \bigcirc firmly to cycle through High, Low, and Off. The fuel gauge will display the battery life:
Red Flashing: 0-3% remaining
Red Solid: 3-10% remaining

Yellow Solid: 11-49% remaining Green Solid: 50-100% remaining

AWARNING To reduce the risk of injury, always unplug the charger and remove the battery from the charger before performing any maintenance. The charger and battery have no internal serviceable parts. Never disassemble the battery or charger.

Maintenance and Storage

Store your charger in a cool, dry place.

As a general practice, it is best to unplug battery chargers and remove batteries when not in use. No battery damage will occur, however, if the charger and battery are left plugged in.

AWARNING To reduce the risk of injury and damage, never immerse your battery or charger in liquid or allow a liquid to flow inside them.

Cleaning
Clean out dust and debris from charger vents and electrical contacts by blowing with compressed air. Use only mild soap and a damp cloth to clean the battery and charger, keeping away from all electrical contacts. Certain cleaning agents and solvents are harmful to plastics and other insulated parts. Some of these include gasoline, turpentine, lacquer thinner, paint thinner, chlorinated cleaning solvents, ammonia and household detergents containing ammonia. Never use flammable or combustible solvents around batteries, charger, or tools.