





15-18 GPM (57-68 L/min) 12V & 24V (dc) Fuel Transfer Pump

Models: M-150S, M-180S, M-240S

Thank you for choosing a Great Plains Industries product, and congratulations on your purchase!

Headquartered in the heartland of the U.S., GPI strives for integrity, innovation, continuous improvement, and dependability—values you will immediately recognize when using our products.

The maintenance policies and procedures outlined in this manual emphasize our commitment to safety and our dedication to you as a customer. By working together, we can ensure years of reliable, quality service.

Please save these instructions for future reference. Read carefully before attempting to assemble, install, operate or maintain the product described.

Protect yourself and others by observing all safety information. Failure to comply with instructions could result in personal injury and/or property damage.

Please refer to back cover for information regarding this product's warranty and other important information.

SAVE FOR YOUR RECORDS

Model #:	
Serial #:	
Purchase Date:	



NOTES

BEFORE YOU BEGIN

Fueling Requirements:

- This fuel pump is designed, tested and approved for use with gasoline blends (up to E15) diesel fuel blends (up to B20) and kerosene. Pump only models sold without a hose/nozzle are compatible with aviation gasoline AVGAS 100LL and kerosene grade Jet A. Please take all due precautions when handling these flammable liquids.
- Do not use this pump for dispensing any fluids other than those for which it was designed. To do so may damage the pumps components and will void the warranty.



Power Source Requirements:

- This manual covers 12 and 24 volt DC electric gear pump models M-150S, M-180S, and M-240S.
- Models M-150S and M-180S should be connected to a 12-volt DC power source. Model M-240S should be connected to a 24-volt power source only.
- Do not attempt connection of any pump to a 115-volt AC or 230-volt AC power source.



Tools Needed:

 Adjustable Wrench, Pipe Wrench, Pliers, Utility Knife, Wire Crimper/Stripper, and Thread Tape

UNPACKING





- (1) 12-volt or 24-volt DC Fuel Transfer Pump with Spin Collar (*Item A*),
 (1) Fiber Gasket (*Item C*) and (1) Tank Adapter (*Item D*); or 12-volt Fuel Transfer Pump with Direct Mount (*Item B*) (M-150S-EM only)
- (1) 18 foot (5.5 m) Attached Power Cord with (1) Fuse Assembly (*Item E*),
 (2) Ring Terminals (*Item F*) and (1) Wire Connector (*Item G*)
- (1) 12 foot (3.6 m) Dispensing Hose (*Item H*) (M-150S-AU & -MU, M-180S-AU & -ML, and M-240S-MU) or (1) 10 foot (3.0 m) Dispensing Hose (M-150S-EM only)
- (1) 1 inch Female to 3/4 inch Reducer (*Item K*) (M-180S-AU & M-180S-ML)
- (1) 15 inch (38 cm) to 40 inch (101 cm) Adjustable Suction Pipe (Item L)
- (1) Automatic (Item M) (M-150S-AU and M-180S-AU) or Manual Shut-off Nozzle (Item N) - (M-150S-EM & -MU, M-180S-ML and M-240S-MU)
- (1) Lockable Nozzle Holder (Item P) (M-150S-AU & -MU, M-180S-AU & -ML, and M-240S-MU); or (1) Standard Nozzle Holder (Item Q) (M-150S-EM only)



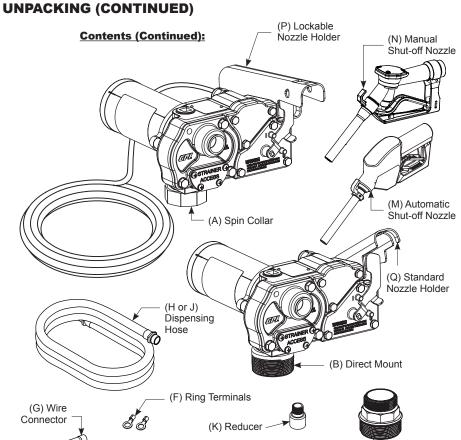


Figure 1



Inspect:

25" - 40" Extension Pipe

(E) Fuse

Assembly

 After unpacking the unit, inspect carefully for any damage that may have occurred during transit. Check for loose, missing or damaged parts. Shipping damage claims must be filed with carrier.



 See General Safety Instructions on page 3, and Cautions and Warnings as shown.

(D) Tank Adapter

(C) Fiber Gasket

15" - 25" Telescoping Suction Pipe

(L) Suction Pipe Assembly



INTERNATIONAL ISO SAFETY SYMBOLS



This symbol indicates a general warning to the user. See additional specific warnings.



This symbol indicates electrical shock hazard. Follow proper installation and maintenance instructions in this manual.



This symbol indicates hot surface. Take care to avoid coming into contact with hot surface.



This symbol indicates automatic restart. Pump contains thermal protection which automatically shuts off motor before overheating. Pump will turn back on automatically after cooling. Turn switch OFF and wait 30 minutes to resume normal pumping. Disconnect power before any inspection or service.



Owner's manual must be read before using, inspecting, or servicing this product.



Disconnect power when product is unattended or in the case of a malfunction. Disconnect power before any inspection, servicing, or maintenance.



Smoking, open flames, fires, and open ignition sources are prohibited in the vicinity of this product.

AVIATION FUELING

"Pump Only" models sold without a hose or nozzle are approved for ground-based refueling only. Do not use in or on aircraft. User must provide hose, suction pipe, nozzle, and accessories that meet the appropriate NFPA 407 Standard for Aircraft Fuel Servicing. Pumps have no actual or implied compliance with this standard. Please consult NFPA 407 for recommended safety requirements during ground fuel servicing of aircraft using petroleum fuels.



GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

IMPORTANT: It is your responsibility to:

- Know and follow applicable national, state and local safety codes pertaining to installing and operating electrical equipment for use with flammable liquids.
- Know and follow all safety precautions when handling petroleum fuels.
- Ensure that all equipment operators have access to adequate instructions concerning safe operating and maintenance procedures.

Observe all safety precautions concerning safe handling of petroleum fuels.

WARNING

To ensure safe operation, all fuel transfer systems must be properly grounded. Proper grounding means a continuous metal-to-metal contact from one component to the next, including tank, tank mount, pump, meter, filter, hose and nozzle. Care should be taken to ensure proper grounding during initial installation and after any service or repair procedures. For your safety, please take a moment to review the warnings below.

A DANGER

To prevent physical injury or property damage, observe precautions against fire or explosion when dispensing fuel. Do not operate the system in the presence of any source of ignition including running or hot engines, lighted tobacco products, gas or electric heaters, or any type of electronic device. A spark can ignite fuel vapors.

A DANGER

Observe precautions against electrical shock when operating the system. Serious or fatal shock can result from operating electrical equipment in damp or wet locations.

A WARNING

Inspect external pump wiring regularly to make sure it is correctly attached to the battery. To avoid electrical shock, use extra care when connecting the pump to power.

Awarning

Avoid prolonged skin contact with petroleum fuels. Use protective goggles, gloves and aprons in case of splashing or spills. Change saturated clothing and wash skin promptly with soap and water.

A DANGER

Observe precautions against electrical shock when servicing the pump. Always disconnect power before repairing or servicing. Never apply electrical power to the system when any of the coverplates are removed.

A CAUTION If using solvent to clean pump components or tank, observe the solvent manufacturer's recommendations for safe use and disposal.

A CAUTION

Do not leave pump running unattended.



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M-150S-AU M-150S-MU	M-150S-EM	M180S-ML M180S-AU	M240S-MU	
Lightweight, corrosion-resistant, cast aluminum			num body	
		Up to 18 GPM (68 LPM)	Up to 15 GPM (57 LPM)	
	30 minute (ON, 30 minute OFF		
		'	<i>'</i>	
	-20° F to 125	5° F (-29° C to 52° C)		
	15 PS	I (103.42 kPa)		
	12-volt DC		24-volt DC	
18 amps		20 amps	9 amps	
1900 RPM, 1/5 hp (150 watts)		2000 RPM, 1/4 hp (187 watts)	1900 RPM, 1/5 hp (150 watts)	
cULus Listed	, Class I Div 2,	Class I Div 1 (pump-o	only models)	
20 amp circuit breaker		25 amp circuit breaker	15 amp fuse	
	18 ft. o	f 12 ga. (5.5 m)		
25 a	mp	30 amp	15 amp	
2 inch NPT	N/A	2 inch	NPT	
	1	inch NPT		
3/4 incl	h NPT	1 inch NPT	3/4 inch NPT	
Buna-N Electrically C		Conductive Discharg	e Hose	
3/4 in. x 12 ft. (3.6 m)	3/4 in. x 10 ft. (3.0 m)	1 in. x 12 ft. (3.6 m)	3/4 in. x 12 ft. (3.6 m)	
3/4 inch Unleaded		1 inch Leaded	3/4 inch Unleaded	
3/4 inch Unlead		ded	N/A	
23 lbs. (10.5 kg)		26.5 lbs. (12.0 kg)	23 lbs. (10.5 kg)	
24 lbs. (10.8 kg)		27 lbs. (12.2 kg)	N/A	
	18 an 1900 RPM, wat cULus Listed 20 amp circ 25 a 2 inch NPT 3/4 inch L (3.6 m) 3/4 inch L 23 lbs. (1.2 light) (1.3 lbs. (1.3	Lightweight, corrosion- Up to 15 GPM (57 LPM) 30 minute 0 Manual Nozzl Automatic Nozzl Automatic Nozzl -20° F to 125 15 PS 12-volt DC 18 amps 1900 RPM, 1/5 hp (150 watts) cULus Listed, Class I Div 2, 0 20 amp circuit breaker 18 ft. o 25 amp 2 inch NPT N/A 1 3/4 inch NPT Buna-N Electrically 3/4 in. x 12 ft. (3.6 m) 3/4 inch Unleaded 3/4 inch Unleaded 23 lbs. (10.5 kg)	Lightweight, corrosion-resistant, cast alumin Up to 15 GPM	

M-150S-AU & -MU & -PO M-180S and M-240S

SPECIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)

Dimensions Inches (d	em)	
A. Pump Ass'y Width	9.19 (23.34)	9.13 (23.20)
B. Pump Ass'y Height	5.42 (13.77)	4.95 (12.57)
C. Pump Ass'y Height w/Nozzle Holder	7.00 (17.78)	6.74 (17.12)
D. Direct Mount (NPT Male) Thread Height	1.00 (2.54)	N/A
F Pump Ass'v Denth	10 45 (26 54)	10 45 (26 54)

M-150S-EM & -E-PO

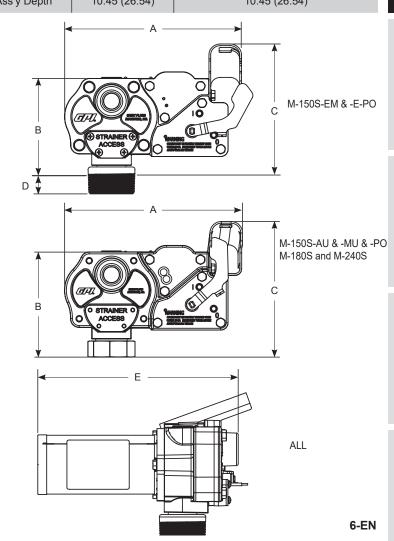


Figure 2



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

<u>NOTE:</u> This pump is designed to self-prime with dry gears. Expect suction lift as follows:

Manual Nozzle: 5.5 feet (1.7 m) with diesel

6.7 feet (2.1 m) with gasoline

Automatic Nozzle: 4.8 feet (1.5 m) with diesel

5.8 feet (1.8 m) with gasoline

If you require a greater initial prime height, coat the gears with fluid by removing the plug on the top of the pump and pour a small quantity of motor oil into the gear cavity. Replace the plug and try again. A foot valve with pressure relief may be needed to maintain prime.

Install Tank Adapter and Suction Pipe (for all models except M-150S-EM & M-150S-E-PO)

Wrap the 2" threaded end of the tank adapter with three or four turns
of thread tape (see Figure 3). Using a pipe wrench, tighten the adapter
snugly into the fuel tank.

NOTE: For Aluminum Tank Installation - To prevent thread galling of aluminum fittings, always prepare the threads for assembly using an anti-seize compound such as Loctite® 567™, Hernon® Dripstop® 940 or equivalent.

- Using pliers, remove the plastic plug from inlet port on bottom of pump. Place the spin collar gasket into the inlet fitting on the bottom of the pump (see Figure 4).
- 3. Wrap the threaded end of suction pipe with three or four turns of thread tape (see Figure 5). Thread the suction pipe into the inlet port on the bottom of the pump and hand tighten until snug (see Figure 6).

<u>NOTE:</u> If your tank is 15" - 24" deep, do not use the included suction pipe extension; if your tank is 24" - 40" deep, attach the suction pipe extension (see Figure 7).



Figure 3



Figure 5



Figure 4



Figure 6

7-EN

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (CONTINUED)

Install Suction Pipe (for model M-150S-EM & M-150S-E-PO)

 Wrap the threaded mount of the fuel pump with three or four turns of thread tape.

NOTE: For Aluminum Tank Installation - To prevent thread galling of aluminum fittings, always prepare the threads for assembly using an anti-seize compound such as Loctite® 567™, Hernon® Dripstop® 940 or equivalent.

- 2. Using pliers, remove the plastic plug from inlet port on bottom of pump.
- Wrap the threaded end of suction pipe with three or four turns of thread tape (see Figure 5). Thread the suction pipe into the inlet port on the bottom of the pump and hand tighten until snug (see Figure 6).

NOTE: If your tank is 15 - 24 inches deep, do not use the included suction pipe extension; if your tank is 24 - 40 inches deep, attach the suction pipe extension (see Figure 7).



Figure 7

Install Pump on Tank (for all models except M-150S-EM & M-150S-E-PO)

- 1. Clean the tank interior of all dirt and foreign material.
- Carefully lift pump / suction pipe assembly and insert suction pipe into the tank opening.

While holding the spin collar gasket in place, position the pump spin collar onto the tank adapter and tighten using a pipe wrench, making sure the spin collar is not cross-threaded (see Figure 8). The spin collar measures 2.26 inches (5.74 cm) across flats.

NOTE: To prevent pressure buildup and possible fuel leaks through the nozzle, make sure the fuel tank is properly vented. A vent cap rated at 3 psi (6.90 kPa) or less is recommended.



Figure 8



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (CONTINUED)

Install Pump on Tank (model M-150S-EM & M-150S-E-PO)

- 1. Clean the tank interior of all dirt and foreign material.
- Carefully lift pump / suction pipe assembly and insert suction pipe into the tank opening.

Position the pump mount and tighten securely, making sure the threads are not cross-threaded; the pump mount exterior threads are 2 inches NPT.

NOTE: To prevent pressure buildup and possible fuel leaks through the nozzle, make sure the fuel tank is properly vented. A vent cap rated at 3 psi (6.90 kPa) or less is recommended.

Install Hose and Nozzle

- Using pliers, remove the plastic plug from outlet port on front of pump.
 Wrap one end of the dispensing hose with three to four turns of thread tape and thread into outlet port (see Figure 9). Tighten securely using an adjustable wrench.
- Wrap opposite end of hose with three or four turns of thread tape and thread into nozzle. Tighten securely using an adjustable wrench (see Figure 10).
- Place the nozzle into the nozzle holder on the end of the pump motor housing. Note that the nozzle cannot be placed in the holder unless the pump switch is OFF (see Figure 11).



Figure 9



Figure 10



Figure 11



Figure 12



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (CONTINUED)

Connect to a Power Source

<u>NOTE:</u> Please consult the Owner's Manual for your vehicle before proceeding.

IMPORTANT: The pump is designed for use with a 12 Volt (M-150S and M-180S) or 24-Volt (M-240S) DC power source. Do not attempt installation on a 115 or 230 Volt AC system.

WARNINGDo not attempt to power the pump from vehicle wiring smaller than 12 gauge, such as the cigarette lighter wire, as these thin wires could overheat and cause a fire.

<u>NOTE:</u> Pumps pre-wired are for installation in CLASS I, DIVISION 2 locations such as portable fuel tanks, trailers, etc. Connection to a battery will depend upon the application.

A WARNING

"Pump only" models (-PO) may be installed in a CLASS I DIVISION I location with approved wiring.

IMPORTANT: Verify switch is in OFF position, then route the electrical wires to the source of the vehicle power system. Be sure to support the wires as necessary and protect them from sharp edges, heat or anything that could damage the wires.

- If the power cord provided is too long, disconnect from power and cut to desired length. Using a utility knife, carefully strip 3 to 4 inches (7.62 to 10.16 cm) of outer insulation from end of power cord. DO NOT CUT INNER WIRES. Next, using wire strippers, remove 1/4 inch (6.35 mm) of insulation from the black and red power cord wires.
- For a negative ground system, first disconnect the vehicle's ground wire, and then connect as follows: Using a wire stripper, carefully strip 1/4 inch (6.35 mm) of insulation from both ends of the fuse assembly wire.
- Insert one end of the fuse assembly wire into the wire connector and crimp. Insert the red power cord wire into the other end of the wire connector and crimp. Make sure the fuse assembly is positioned outside of hazardous areas and as close to the battery as possible (see Figure 12).
- Using wire crimper, attach one ring terminal to the other end of the fuse assembly and one ring terminal to the end of the black power cord wire.
- Connect the red wire/fuse assembly to the positive side of the battery (see Figure 12).
- 6. Connect the black power cord wire to the negative side of the battery.

<u>NOTE:</u> Connecting directly to the battery terminal or the end of the battery cable is recommended.



IMPORTANT: Always follow safety precautions when operating this equipment. Review the Safety Instructions.

A DANGER

To prevent physical injury or property damage, observe precautions against fire or explosion when dispensing fuel. Do not operate the system in the presence of any source of ignition including running or hot engines, lighted tobacco products, gas or electric heaters, or any type of electronic device. A spark can ignite fuel vapors.

A CAUTIONBefore each use, repair leaks around seals or connections. Make sure hoses are in good condition and connections are tight.

NOTE: Make sure the work area is dry.

A WARNINGMake sure the pump is properly grounded. Repair any corroded or damaged wiring before use.

NOTE: Ensure the tank contains enough fuel.

IMPORTANT: Make sure the fuel is not contaminated with debris. Tighten loose tank lids regularly.

Dispensing Fuel

 Turn on the pump by removing the nozzle from the holder and pushing up the switch lever. Insert the nozzle into the receiving tank and squeeze the handle to start fuel flow. When done, release the nozzle handle, turn the pump off and return the nozzle to its holder.

IMPORTANT: This pump is designed to be self-priming. If fuel is not delivered within 15 to 20 seconds, turn the pump off and refer to priming information in the Troubleshooting Section.

An automatic bypass valve prevents pressure build up when the pump is on with the nozzle closed.

To avoid pump damage, do not run the pump more than 10 minutes with the nozzle closed.

IMPORTANT: After running the pump for a maximum of 30 minutes, allow it to cool for 30 minutes.

Motor Protector

<u>NOTE</u>: The M-150S and M-180S pumps have a motor protector that provides added protection against motor damage. It must be reset manually.

- If the motor protector trips, reset by turning the switch OFF. Let the pump cool then turn ON again. If the motor protector trips again, see the Troubleshooting Section of this manual.
- An inline fuse provides motor protection on the 24-volt M-240S model. Replace fuse as needed.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Symptom	Possible Cause(s)	Corrective Action
Motor does not run	1. Fuse blown	Inspect fuse in fuse holder or power cord. If blown, replace
	2. Switch defective	Remove switch coverplate and inspect switch. Replace, if necessary
	3. Switch or electrical connections are faulty (models M-150S and M-180S)	 Inspect for damaged motor protector, defective wiring or switch, or improper electrical connections. Replace as needed and reinstall
	Circuit breaker tripped	 Turn power off at source. Inspect the pump thoroughly clean or repair. Reset circuit breaker by turning the power switch off then back on
	5. Motor burned out	 Replace motor (see Maintenance / Repair section)
Motor runs but doesn't pump	Gear coverplate or O-ring damaged	Remove and inspect the coverplate and O-ring. Replace, as necessary. (see Maintenance / Repair section)
	Strainer clogged or defective	Remove strainer coverplate. Remove and clean strainer. Install again
	Suction pipe clogged, damaged or missing	Remove pump from tank. Inspect suction pipe. Clean or replace, as necessary
	Bypass poppet O-ring worn or missing	Inspect O-ring (see Maintenance / Repair section). Replace, if necessary
	Bypass poppet O-ring dirty	Remove poppet assembly and clean poppet and cavity
	Bypass poppet binding or damaged	 Remove the bypass poppet, spring, and O-ring. Clean cavity. Inspect and replace components, if needed



TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE (CONTINUED)

Possible Cause(s)	Corrective Action
7. System air leak	Tighten all pump fittings and connections. Inspect suction pipe for leaks or damage
8. System air lock	8. Occurs if external filter, meters or an off-the-shelf automatic nozzle is used. To correct, remove the pipe plug in the top outlet port and fill the gear cavity with fuel. Use of a factory-supplied automatic nozzle is recommended
Poor connections or low voltage	Make sure electrical connections are secure. Check battery voltage
10. Fuel level low	10. Fill tank
11. Motor running backwards due to incorrect polarity	11. Connect red wire to positive (+) ungrounded side of battery. Gear with key should turn counterclockwise
Strainer partially clogged	Remove the strainer coverplate. Remove and clean the strainer. Install again
Poor connections or low voltage	Make sure electrical connections are secure. Also check battery voltage
Suction pipe clogged or damaged	 Remove pump from tank. Inspect suction pipe. Clean or replace, as necessary
4. Fuel tank empty	4. Fill tank
Using off-the-shelf automatic nozzle	Factory-supplied automatic nozzle is recommended
6. System air leak	 Tighten all pump fittings and connections. Inspect suction pipe for leaks or damage. Replace, as necessary
Bypass poppet spring weak	 Remove the bypass poppet and inspect spring (see Maintenance / Repair section. Replace, if necessary
	 System air leak System air lock Poor connections or low voltage Fuel level low Motor running backwards due to incorrect polarity Strainer partially clogged Poor connections or low voltage Suction pipe clogged or damaged Fuel tank empty Using off-the-shelf automatic nozzle System air leak Bypass poppet spring



TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE (CONTINUED)

Symptom	Possible Cause(s)	Corrective Action
Motor stalls when operating in bypass mode	Motor protector activated	Turn off switch. Allow motor to cool, then turn on switch
	2. Gears locked	 Remove gear coverplate and inspect gears and drive key. Make sure gears turn freely with the key removed. Replace, if worn
	3. Wiring defective	Use Wiring instructions in the Installation Section to ensure proper connections
	Bypass poppet binding or damaged	4. Using instructions in the Repair Section, remove the bypass poppet, spring and O-ring. Clean cavity. Inspect components and replace, as necessary
	5. Motor defective	Replace motor as described in the Repair Section
Switch fails to operate motor	Switch or electrical connections faulty (model M-240S)	Inspect for a blown fuse, defective wiring or switch, or improper electrical connections. Replace or install again, as necessary. Refer to Switch Replacement instructions in the Repair Section
	2. Motor burned out	Replace motor as described in the Repair Section
	Motor protector activated	Turn off switch. Allow motor to cool, then turn on switch
	4. Switch or electrical connections faulty (models M-150S and M-180S)	 Inspect for damaged motor protector, blown fuse, defective wiring or switch, or improper electrical connections. Replace as needed and re-install



TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE (CONTINUED)

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Symptom	Possible Cause(s)	Corrective Action
Rapid overheating of motor	Duty cycle too long	Pump operation should not exceed the standard duty cycle of 30 minutes ON, and 30 minutes OFF. Allow the pump to cool for 30 minutes
	2. Strainer clogged	Remove strainer coverplate. Remove and clean strainer. Install again
	Suction pipe clogged or damaged	Remove pump from tank. Inspect suction pipe. Clean or replace, as necessary
	4. Gears worn	4. Remove gear coverplate and inspect gears and drive key. Make sure gears turn freely with key removed. Replace, if necessary
	5. Fuel level low	5. Fill tank
	Running too long in bypass mode	Limit bypass operation to 10 minutes



MAINTENANCE

NOTE: This pump is designed for minimum maintenance. The motor bearings are sealed and require no lubrication. Inspect the pump and components regularly for fuel leaks and make sure the hose and power cord are in good condition. Keep the pump exterior clean to help identify leaks.

IMPORTANT: Do not use this pump for water, chemicals or herbicides. Dispensing any fluid other than those listed in this manual will damage the pump. Use of the pump with unauthorized fluids will void the warranty.

Clean or Replace Strainer

- Turn the pump off and disconnect from power. Remove the strainer coverplate. Remove the inlet strainer and inspect for damage or clogs (see Figure 13). Clean the strainer with a soft-bristled brush and solvent (see Figure 14). If the strainer is very dirty, compressed air may be used. If damaged, replace the strainer.
- 2. Place the strainer in the cavity. Clean the coverplate and O-ring. Coat the O-ring lightly with grease. Ensure the coverplate O-ring is properly seated (see Figure 15) and tighten the strainer coverplate.



Figure 13



Figure 14



Figure 15

ASSEMBLY



IMPORTANT: C

IMPORTANT: Carefully inspect all parts for wear or damage. Replace components, as necessary. The Illustrated Parts List gives information on replacement parts and kits. Review the Safety Instructions before proceeding.

A DANGER

Observe precautions against electrical shock when servicing the pump. Always disconnect power before repairing or servicing. Never apply electrical power to the system when any of the coverplates are removed.

AWARNING

Avoid prolonged skin contact with petroleum fuels. Use protective goggles, gloves and aprons in case of splashing or spills. Change saturated clothing and wash skin promptly with soap and water.

Remove Pump From Tank

- 1. Turn the pump OFF and disconnect from power.
- 2. Turn the spin collar counterclockwise to release the inlet fitting.
- 3. Lift the pump and suction pipe straight up from the tank adapter.
- 4. Elevate the nozzle and hose to allow excess fuel to drain into the tank.
- 5. Wipe the entire system with a clean cloth.

Service O-rings

NOTE: A Wet Seal Kit contains all seals for your pump and should be on hand when performing repairs. Old seals may then be replaced with new seals.

- In general, when inspecting O-rings, look for breaks, wear and signs of deterioration, such as swelling.
- 2. Replace, as necessary.
- 3. Before seating, coat O-rings with light grease.

Replace Gears and Drive Key

- 1. Turn the pump OFF and disconnect from power.
- 2. Remove the gear coverplate and O-ring from the pump housing
- Inspect the gears and key for wear and damage. Replace, as necessary.
- 4. Wipe the gear cavity with a clean cloth.
- 5. Replace the gears. Make sure they turn freely.
- 6. Replace the drive kev.
- Make sure the gear coverplate O-ring is securely in place. Tighten the coverplate to the housing.



Clean Bypass Poppet

- Turn the pump OFF and disconnect from power.
- 2 Using a 1/2" drive socket wrench, remove the pipe plug from the top outlet port (see Figure 16).
- 3. Remove the gear coverplate and O-ring from the pump housing.
- 4. Pull the drive key and two gears from the pump (see Figure 17).
- 5. To clean the bypass poppet:
 - With a clean cloth, wipe the poppet cavity through the top outlet port.
 - Push down on the poppet until the poppet O-ring is exposed inside b. the housing (see Figure 18).
 - Using a clean cloth, rotate the poppet and clean it thoroughly. C.



Figure 16

Figure 17



Figure 18



Replace Bypass Poppet O-ring

- 1. To remove or replace the bypass poppet:
 - As with cleaning, push down on the poppet until the O-ring is exposed.
 - b. Remove the O-ring with a small screwdriver or similar tool. Take care not to damage the poppet or O-ring (see Figure 19).
 - From inside the housing, push the poppet and spring upward and pull through the top outlet port (see Figure 20).
 - d. Wipe the poppet and gear cavities with a clean cloth.
 - e. Inspect the O-ring and replace as necessary (see Figure 21).

NOTE: Replace O-ring if damaged, swollen or loose-fitting (see Wet Seal Kit).

- To assemble, place the spring and poppet into the poppet cavity through the top outlet port. Compress the poppet into the housing until the poppet appears in the lower chamber. Coat the O-ring lightly with grease and slip over the poppet head. Make sure the O-ring is wellseated.
- 3. Push on the poppet through the top outlet port to make sure it moves freely.
- 4. Install the pipe plug again, using thread tape as necessary.
- Replace the gears and drive key. Make sure gears turn freely with the key removed.
- Make sure the gear coverplate O-ring is in place. Tighten the coverplate to the pump housing.



Figure 19



Figure 20

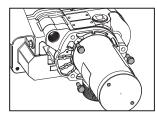


Figure 21



Replace Motor Shaft Seal

- 1. Turn the pump OFF and disconnect from power.
- Remove the gear coverplate, gears and drive key as described in Gear Replacement instructions.
- 3. Remove the (3) 1/4-20 x 3/4 inch SEMS screws and motor from the pump housing (see Figure 22).
- Remove the motor shaft seal by prying out with a small screwdriver (see Figure 23).
- 5. Lubricate the gear shaft with WD-40® or a similar penetrating oil.
- 6. Press a new motor shaft seal evenly in the pump housing until seated. Lubricate the seal with a lightweight motor oil.
- 7. Gently slide the shaft through the seal until the motor is flush against the pump housing.
- 8. Tighten the motor to the pump housing. Check for proper installation by working a .0015 inch feeler gauge around the motor flange. The gauge should not fit between the flange and the housing.
- Re-install the gears and drive key as described in Gear Replacement instructions.





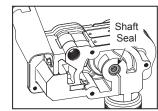


Figure 23

Replace Motor

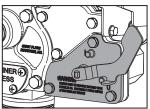
In order to preserve the UL Listing or CSA Certification for pump safety, return the entire pump to the factory for motor repair or replacement. For products serviced outside the factory, the UL and CSA nameplates must be defaced to indicate the equipment may no longer meet the requirements for UL Listing or CSA Certification. This does not apply to products serviced outside the factory under the UL program for Rebuilt Motors for Use in Hazardous Locations and the CSA rebuild program.



Replace Power Switch

- 1. Turn the pump OFF and disconnect from power.
- 2. Remove the switch coverplate from the pump housing (see Figure 24).
- Remove the torx head screw, then remove the switch assembly (see Figure 25).
- 4. Unscrew both blade terminals and remove red pump wires from the back of the switch (see Figure 26).
- Install a new switch by reversing the above procedure. Insert the switch
 assembly into the pump cavity. Place the red wire between the circuit
 breaker and the wall of the pump. Make sure the O-ring is seated
 properly before tightening the switch coverplate.

NOTE: For the proper operation of the switch lever and cam, attach the mounting plate to the switch with a clearance of 0.175 inch or about 3/16 inch (see Figure 27).



Circuit Breaker Screw

Figure 24

Figure 25



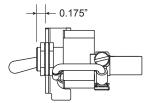


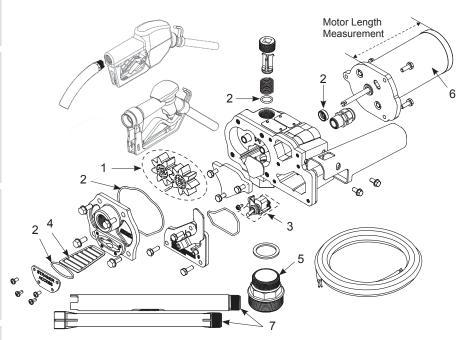
Figure 26

Figure 27

NOTES	
	22 EN



REPAIR PARTS ILLUSTRATION FOR M-150S-AU, M150S-MU, M180S-ML, M180S-AU, and M-240S-MU

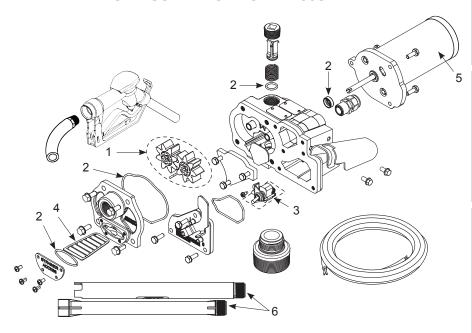


REPAIR PARTS LIST FOR FOR M-150S-AU, M-150S-MU, M-180S AND M-240S

Ref. No.	Description	Part Number:	Qty.
1	Gear Kit - Includes 2 Gears & Drive Key	110906-1	1
2	Wet Seal Kit	110907-1	
	Gear Coverplate O-ring	A	1
	Strainer Coverplate O-ring	A	1
	Bypass Poppet O-ring	A	1
	Motor Shaft Seal	A	1
3	M-150S-MU & -AU Switch Assembly	110277-05	1
3	M-240S Switch Assembly	110277-06	1
3	M-180S Switch Assembly	110277-07	1
4	Inlet Strainer	110009-1	1
5	Tank Adapter	110909-1	1
6	12-volt Motor (UL) (M-150S-MU & -AU)	119200-551	1
6	12-volt Motor (UL) (M-180S)	119201-551	1
6	24-volt Motor (UL) (M-240S)	119200-552	1
7	Suction Pipe Assembly	110241-01	1

(▲) Available as part of kit only.

REPAIR PARTS ILLUSTRATION FOR M-150S-EM



REPAIR PARTS LIST FOR M-150S-EM

Ref.			
No.	Description	Part Number:	Qty.
1	Gear Kit - Includes 2 Gears & Drive Key	110906-1	1
2	Wet Seal Kit	110907-1	
	Gear Coverplate O-ring	A	1
	Strainer Coverplate O-ring	A	1
	Bypass Poppet O-ring	A	1
	Motor Shaft Seal	A	1
3	Switch Assembly	110277-05	1
4	Inlet Strainer	110009-1	1
5	12-volt Motor (UL)	119200-551	1
6	Suction Pipe Assembly	110241-01	1

(A) Available as part of kit only.



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